ぷ5ぷ Mathematical Structure Continued

Let us continue with our exploration of the intricate and wonderful numerical structure of *Al-Fatehah*. We have seen how the first verse, the *Basmalah*, is stamped with God's signature of 19. Next, let us look at the second verse.

The second verse is:

Praise be to God, Lord of the Universe. (1:2) (Al- hamdu lillahi raabil 'aalameen)

This phrase occurs in the Quran 7 times—in 1:2, 6:45, 10:10, 37:182, 39:75, 40:65 and 45:36.

Writing the chapter and verse number for each of these occurrences in a line and following these with the number of verses containing this phrase (7) forms a 27-digit number which is a multiple of 19:

1 2 6 45 10 10 37 182 39 75 40 65 45 36 7 = **19** x 665531....

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Now let's look at the third verse. The third verse is:

Most Gracious, Most Merciful (*Al-Rahman*, *Al-Raheem*)

It is made up of two words which were also in the *Basmalah*. Recall from our discussion of the *Basmalah* that *Al-Rahman* occurs in the Quran 57 times, which is **19** times 3; and *Al-Raheem* occurs 114 times, or **19** times 6.

The fourth verse is:

Master of the Day of Judgment (Maleekyyawmid-deen)

This is coded in two parts. The Arabic word 'Maleek' (Master) occurs in the Quran 3 times: 1:4, 3:26 and 43:77. However, in 43:77 it does not refer to God, but is the name of the guardian angel of Hell. So we will exclude that occurrence and take only the ones referring to God. Write down the chapter and verse numbers in a line, as we have done before:

 $1 4 3 26 = 19 \times 754.$

As you can see, this number 14326 is a multiple of 19.

We have examined the first part of the verse, but what about the second: 'Yawmid-deen' (the Day of Judgment)? This exact phrase occurs in the Quran 14 times:

1:4, 15:35, 26:82, 30:43, 37:20, 38:78, 51:12, 56:56, 70:26, 74:46, 82:15,17,18 and 83:11.

When you add the chapter and verse numbers for these occurrences, the total is 1026 or **19** times 54.

The fifth verse is:

You alone we worship. You alone we ask for help. (Ayaka n'abudu wa ayaka nasta'ayn)

The total gematrical value of this verse is divisible by 19:

A Y A K N 'A B D W 1+10+1+20 + 50+70+2+4 + 6 + A Y A K N S T 'A Y N 1+10+1+20 + 50+60+400+70+10+50 = 836 = **19** x 44

Also, the word *"N'abudu"* occurs in the Quran 7 times in the following verses:

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1:5, 2:133, 3:64, 7:70, 11:62, 14:35 and 26:71.

However, the last 3 occurrences do not refer to God. If you add the chapter and verse numbers for the verses that do refer to God you get:

1 + 5 + 2 + 133 + 3 + 64 + 7 + 70 =

285 **= 19** x 15.

The other words of this phrase occur in the Quran only in this verse.

The sixth verse is, "Guide us in the right path" (Ahdyna seerat-al-mustaqeem). This is also coded in two parts. When you look at the gematrical value of the word "Ahdyna" and include the sura and verse you get:

A H D Y NA 1:6 1 5 4 10 50 1 1 6 = 1541050116 = **19** x 813164

The word "Seerat," or "Path" occurs throughout the Quran 38 times, or **19** times 2. The phrase made up of "Seerat" with "Al-mustageem" occurs in 27 verses within 19 chapters in the Quran. In the following list, I have bolded the chapter numbers to make it easier to see the nineteen chapters: 1:6; 2:142,213; 3:51,101; 5:16; 6:39,87,161; 7:16; 10:25; 11:56; 15:41; 16:76,121; 19:36; 22:54; 23:73; 24:46; 36:4,61; 37:118; 42:52; 43:43,61,64; 67:22.

If you write these numbers in a line, just removing the colons, commas and semi-colons, and follow that number with 19 for the number of chapters and 27 for the number of verses, this 93 digit number is a multiple of **19**.

Also, if you write the chapter and verse numbers for each of these occurrences in a line, repeating the chapter number where there is more than one verse in a chapter, the 104 digit number that is formed is divisible by **19**. Still there is more. When you add chapter and verse numbers, including chapter repetitions as before, plus 27 for the number of occurrences, you get 2356, or **19** times 124.

The last verse is:

"the path of those whom You blessed; (Siraatal lazina an'amta 'alayhim)

not of those who have deserved wrath, (Ghayril maghdoobi 'alayhim)

nor of the strayers" (Waladalen).

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There are 43 Arabic letters in this verse. (Please note that the transliteration to English sometimes uses two English letters to represent one Arabic letter, so if you count the letters in the transliteration of the above verse, you will get a different total.) When you put all of the gematrical values for these 43 letters in a line with 1:7 and 8 for the number of words in the phrase you produce a long number which is divisible by **19**.

There are several other ways in which the values of this verse can be combined to be divisible. The simplest is to take the chapter and verse number and write them next to each other followed by a 1 for the one time that this phrase occurs in the Quran. This produces:

1:7 1 or $171 = 19 \ge 9$.

Also, if you add all of the gematrical values, plus 1 for the single occurrence of this phrase and 8 for the number of words in the phrase you find the total to be divisible by **19**.

Finally, if you put all of the gematrical values in a line and add 1 at the end for the single occurrence of the phrase, you get another number which is divisible by **19**.

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Now we have seen how every part of The Key, *Al-Fatehah*, is numerically coded and divisible by 19. Our next chapter will discuss the Contact Prayers. $34 \mathbf{\nabla} Direct Contact$